## Math 444 Recursive Sequence Problem

Define the function s from  $\mathbb{N}$ , the set of natural numbers, to  $\mathbb{Q}$  in the following recursive (inductive) way:

$$s(1) = 2$$
 and for  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ ,  $s(n+1) = \frac{s(n)}{2} + \frac{1}{s(n)}$ 

**Prove:** For each n in  $\mathbb{N}$ , we have  $1 \leq s(n) \leq 2$ .

Usually, we do not think about functions defined on the natural numbers in this way, instead, we call such a function a *sequence* and instead of writing s(n) we write  $a_n$  for the terms of the sequence (actually values of the function) where  $a_n = s(n)$ . The following is the more usual way to state the same problem:

**Definition** We define a sequence  $\{a_n\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$  by

 $a_1 = 2$ 

and for each positive integer n,

$$a_{n+1} = \frac{a_n}{2} + \frac{1}{a_n}$$

**Prove:** For each n in  $\mathbb{N}$ , we have  $1 \leq a_n \leq 2$ .